

SHARPIN, Semen Andreyevich; VITVITSKIY, M., red.; BURKATOVSKAYA, TS.,  
tekhn. red.

[Tables for calculating the wages of workers and office employees  
for vacation time or compensation for unused leave; revised to  
take into consideration the change in the price scale and  
substitution of the new currency] Tablitsy dlia ischislenia sred-  
nego zarabotka rabochikh i sluzhashchikh za vremia otpuska, ili  
kompensatsii za neispol'zovannyi otpusk; pererabotany s uchatom  
izmeneniia masshtaba tsen i zamenoi obrashchalushchikhsia deneg  
novymi den'gami. L'vov, knizhno-zhurnal'noe izd-vo, 1961. 142 p.  
(MIRA 14:9)

(Wages--Tables and ready reckoners)

SUKHOMLINA, Z.I.; VITVITSKIY, M. [Vitvits'kyi, M.], red.; DOROSHENKO, M.,  
red.; NEDOVIZ, S., tekhn. red.

[Useful advice] Knyzhkovo-zhurnal'ne vyd-vo, 1961. 182 p.  
(MIRA 14:10)  
(Cookery) (House furnishings)

KARPENKO, G.V., red.; VITVITSKY, M., red.

[Corrosion fatigue of metals; collection of reports]  
Korroziionnaya ustalost' metallov; sbornik dokladov.  
Lvov, Kameniar, 1964. 234 p. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po korroziionnoy ustalosti metallov, Lvov, 1962. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN Ukr.SSSR i Institut mashinovedeniya i avtomatiki AN Ukr.SSR (for Karpenko).

VITVITSKIY, N.K., Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Approximate method  
~~for~~ determining the frequencies of natural bending, torsion,  
and joint oscillations of girders of <sup>variable</sup> ~~changing~~ cross-section."  
Tomsk, 1959, 12 pp (Min of Railway ~~Transport~~ USSR. Len Order  
of Lenin Inst of <sup>E</sup>ngineers of Railroad Transport in Academician  
V.N. Obratsov) 120 copies (KL, 28-59, 126)

- 47 -

VITVITSKIY, N.K.

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Source: Mathematical Reviews,

Vol. 11 No. 1

VITVITSKIY, N.K.

Approximate method for determining frequencies of natural bending, torsional, and joint vibration of bars with variable cross-sections. (MIRA 13:10)  
Trudy TBIIZHT 25:229-256 '58.

1. Kafedra matematiki Tomskogo elektromekhanicheskogo instituta inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta.  
(Vibration)

VITVITSKIY, V. M., Cand Med Sci (diss) -- "The antimicrobial and therapeutic properties of combinations of certain antibiotics". Khar'kov, 1960. 12 pp (Khar'kov State Med Inst), 200 copies (KI, No 14, 1960, 136)

VITVITSKIY, N.K.

Determining the frequency of natural bending vibrations  
of beams beyond the elasticity boundary in the presence  
of plasticity zones. Trudy TEIIZHT 34:103-120 '62.  
(MIRA 16:8)



VITVITSKIY, P.M. [Vytvyts'kyi, P.M.]; LEONOV, M.Ya.

Dislocation with an elliptical hollow. Dop. ~~AN~~ USSR no.3:  
314-317 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut mashinovedeniya i avtomatiki AN USSR. Predstavleno  
akademikom AN USSR G.N.Savinym [H.M.Savinym].  
(Dislocations in crystals)

VITVYTSKIY, P.M.

29227

S/198/61/007/005/007/015  
D274/D303

10.7600

AUTHORS: Vytvyts'kyi, P.M., and Leonov, M.Ya., (L'viv)

TITLE: On the fracture of a plate having a crack

PERIODICAL: Prykladna mekhanika, v. 7, no. 5, 1961, 516 - 520

TEXT: An infinite plate with a crack of length  $2l$  (see Fig.) is under stresses, normal to the crack. Fracture occurs at the value  $\sigma_{\infty}$  of stress. It is assumed that the maximum normal stresses do not exceed a certain fixed value (the limit strength of the material):

$$\sigma_{\max} \leq \sigma_{ts}; \quad (1)$$

Hooke's law applies; if a stress-strain state occurs which does not comply with linear theory, nor with condition (1), then breaches (regions of weakened bonds) appear in the body; the effect of these breaches depends on the critical distance  $\delta_{cr}$ . For an ideal brittle (amorphous) body,  $\delta_{cr}$  is found from

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On the fracture of a plate ...

$$\delta_{cr} = \frac{2T}{\sigma_{ls}}, \quad (2)$$

T being the surface energy of the material. For various materials, whose fracture is accompanied by microplastic deformations, the quantity  $\delta_{cr}$  can be experimentally determined. In the above model, the breaches always occur (notwithstanding very small  $\sigma_{\infty}$ ), hence the fracture (crack) is enlarged (see Fig.), and

$$X_y(x, \pm 0) = 0; Y_y(x, \pm 0) = \begin{cases} 0, & |x| < l; \\ \sigma_{ls}, & l \leq |x| \leq L. \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

The length 2L of the enlarged fracture is unknown; it has to be determined in accordance with (1). This problem is solved by N.I. Muskhelishvili's method (Ref. 2: Nekotoryye osnovnyye zadachi matematicheskoy teorii uprugosti, AN SSSR, 1954). After computations, one obtains

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On the fracture of a plate ...

$$L = l \sec \frac{\pi \sigma_{\infty}}{2 \sigma_{ts}}. \quad (15)$$

Formulas for the stresses in the plate are derived, in particular, on the real axis, for  $L \ll |x| \ll \infty$ , one obtains

$$Y_y = \sigma_{\infty} - \frac{2 \sigma_{ts} l}{\pi} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\sqrt{L^2 - l^2}}{l^2 - x^2 - x \sqrt{x^2 - L^2}}; \quad (17)$$

$$X_x = - \frac{2 \sigma_{ts} l}{\pi} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{l \sqrt{L^2 - l^2}}{l^2 - x^2 - x \sqrt{x^2 - L^2}}; \quad X_y = 0.$$

For the quantity  $\delta$ , which denotes the distance traversed by the points  $(\pm l, +0)$  and  $(+l, -0)$  of opposite surfaces of the breach as a result of the deformation, one obtains

$$\delta = - \frac{8 l}{\pi E} \sigma_{ts} \ln \cos \frac{\pi \sigma_{\infty}}{2 \sigma_{ts}}. \quad (18)$$

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On the fracture of a plate ...

By the adopted model, these opposite surfaces will no longer interact if  $\delta > \delta_{cr}$ , hence the fracture increases. Thus, the critical stress  $\sigma_{cr}$  is such a value of  $\sigma_{\infty}$  that  $\delta = \delta_{cr}$ . Hence (18) yields

$$\sigma_{cr} = \frac{2}{\pi} \sigma_{ts} \arccos \exp \left( - \frac{\pi E \delta_{cr}}{8 t \sigma_{ts}} \right). \quad (19)$$

For  $\sigma_{cr} \ll \sigma_{ts}$ ,

$$\sigma_{cr} = \sqrt{\frac{E \sigma_{ts} \delta_{cr}}{\pi t}}. \quad (20)$$

For brittle materials, one obtains from (2) and (20) Griffith's formula:

$$\sigma_{cr} = \sqrt{\frac{2 E \Gamma}{\pi t}}. \quad (21)$$

For  $l \rightarrow 0$ , formula (21) yields infinitely large  $\sigma_{cr}$ ; this disad-

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On the fracture of a plate ...

vantage is not shared by formula (19) which yields (for  $l \rightarrow 0$ ),  $\sigma_{cr} \rightarrow \sigma_{ls}$ , i.e. the strength of plate with "zero" crack equals the strength of a faultless plate. Griffith's results are also unsuitable for very small cracks. Formulas (19) and (20) can also be used for fracture processes accompanied by microplastic deformations. Thereby,  $\sigma_{ls} \delta_{cr}$  (denoted by A) is the work expended on the formation of two surfaces of same area during the development of a breach. Hence formulas (19) and (20) are written

$$\sigma_{cr} = \frac{2}{\pi} \sigma_{ls} \arccos \exp \left( - \frac{\pi EA}{8l \sigma_{ls}^2} \right), \quad (22)$$

$$\sigma_{cr} = \sqrt{\frac{EA}{\pi l}} \quad (\sigma_{cr} \ll \sigma_{ls}). \quad (23)$$

Formula (22), proposed by Urowan, remains valid for any  $\sigma_{cr}$ , even if  $\sigma_{cr}$  is of the same order as  $\sigma_{ls}$ . There are 1 figure and 5 refe-

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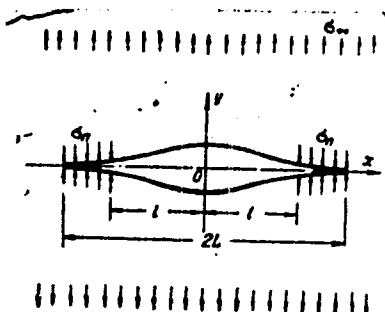
On the fracture of a plate ...

rences: 3 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to English-language publications read as follows: A.A. Griffith, Phenomena of rupture and flow in solids, Trans. Roy. Soc., A 221, London, 1920; E. Orowan, Energy criteria of fracture, Welding J., March 1955.

ASSOCIATION: Instytut mashynosnavstva i avtomatyky AN URSR (Institute of the Science of Machines and Automation AS Ukr-SSR)

SUBMITTED: June 10, 1960

Fig.



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h2175  
S/813/62/000/001/001/008  
EG81/E183

AUTHORS: Vitvitskiy, P.M., and Leonov, M.Ya.

TITLE: Slip bands in the heterogeneous deformation of a plate

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk Ukrayins'koyi RSR. Instytut mashynoznavstva i avtomatyky, L'viv. Voprosy mekhaniki real'nogo tverdogo tela. no. 1. Kiev, 1962, 13-28.

TEXT: The paper is a continuation of previous work (M.Ya. Leonov, N.Yu. Shvayko, Zhurnal prikladnoy mekhaniki i tekhnicheskoy fiziki, no.2, 1961. P.M. Vitvitskiy, M.Ya. Leonov, DAN URSR, no.3, 1960. P.M. Vitvitskiy, M.Ya. Leonov, Prikladna mekhanika, v.7, no.5, 1961). The problem of the elasto-plastic deformation of a body may be reduced to the linearly elastic problem of a material containing a distribution of dislocations. In accordance with this concept, the plane stress state is investigated in a thin plate containing a slit or a circular hole and subjected to a stress system which at infinity becomes  $Y_y = p$  (tensile),  $X_x = X_y = 0$ . At a certain stress slip bands

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Slip bands in the heterogeneous ...

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develop; the Muskhelishvili stress functions appropriate to the region surrounding a circular hole are quoted, and the modified functions applicable in the presence of distributed dislocations are derived. The problem of the elasto-plastic deformation of a plate with a slit involves determining the distribution of dislocations, and leads to an integral equation the solution of which gives the conditions for the formation of slip bands. Initially, the slip bands are parallel with the slit, but later, bands develop which are inclined at an angle of about  $50^\circ$  to the slit; these findings agree with observations on soft steel plate. An analogous treatment is applied to a plate containing a hole. In this case a polynomial solution is found for the integral equation, and by limiting the number of terms in the polynomial the solution is evaluated approximately. There are 6 figures and 1 table.

SUBMITTED: June 10, 1961

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24375

S/207/62/000/001/016/018  
B104/B108

10.7100  
AUTHORS:

Vitvitskiy, P. M., Leonov, M. Ya. (L'vov)

TITLE:

Extension beyond the elastic limit of a plate with circular opening

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal prikladnoy mekhaniki i tekhnicheskoy fiziki, no. 1,  
1962, 109 - 117

TEXT: Conditions are laid down under which the deformation of a body beyond the elastic limit can be studied with the linear elastic theory of the deformation of a body with linear dislocations distributed according to a certain law. The distribution of these dislocations and the dimensions of the region in which they occur are determined from the given forces of the inelastic bonds and from the condition of conservation of elasticity outside the inelastic deformations. On the basis of such a model the stress in a thin infinitely long plate with a circular opening (Fig. 1) subjected to forces  $p$  is studied. Stress and strain in the complex plane which result only from the load are determined by the functions

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Extension beyond the elastic limit...

$$\Phi^0(z) = \frac{1}{4} p \left( 1 + 2 \frac{R^2}{z^2} \right), \quad \Psi^0(z) = \frac{1}{2} p \left( 1 + \frac{R^2}{z^2} + 3 \frac{R^4}{z^4} \right) \quad (1.1).$$

That part of the stress produced by the dislocations is determined in such a way that in the regions of inelastic deformation the sum of the stresses produced by  $p$  and those produced by the dislocations fulfills the condition

$$Y_{\nu}^0(x, 0) + Y_{\nu}^d(x, 0) = \sigma_n = \text{const} \quad (R \leq |x| \leq L) \quad (1.3).$$

Some auxiliary problems about linear dislocations in the plane that are necessary for the present problem are investigated with reference to a paper by N. I. Muskhelishvili (Nekotoriye osnovnye zadachi matematicheskoy teorii uprugosti, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1954). The integral equation

$$\int_R^L \left\{ \frac{t}{t^2 - x^2} + \frac{R^4}{t} \left[ \frac{1}{R^2 t^2} + \frac{R^4 (x^2 - t^2)}{x^2 (t^2 x^2 - R^4)^2} + 4 t^2 R^2 \frac{(t^2 - R^2)(x^2 - R^2)}{(t^2 x^2 - R^4)^3} \right] \right\} \mu(t) dt =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4D} \left[ \sigma_n - \frac{1}{2} p \left( 2 + \frac{R^2}{x^2} + 3 \frac{R^4}{x^4} \right) \right] (R \leq |x| \leq L) \quad (3.2)$$

for the density  $\mu(t)$  of the dislocation distribution is solved in the variables

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Extension beyond the elastic limit...

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$$\xi = \frac{x^2}{R^2}, \quad \eta = \frac{l^2}{R^2}$$

$$\frac{L^2}{R^2} = \alpha, \quad \mu(l) = \mu(R\sqrt{\eta}) = \mu_0(\eta)$$

by approximation:

$$\mu_0(\eta) \approx \frac{a_n}{D} \sum_{n=0}^m a_n \eta^n \quad (1 \leq \eta \leq \alpha)$$

(3.4).

$\alpha$  characterizes the length of the region of inelastic deformation. The dependence of the length  $l$  of the region of the inelastic deformation on the radius  $R$  is calculated as a function (Fig. 3). Finally, the critical load for brittle rupture of the plate is determined. There are 4 figures, 1 table, and 10 references: 9 Soviet and 1 non-Soviet. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: Griffith A. A., Phenomena of Rupture and Flow in Solids, Trans. Roy. Soc., A 221, London, 1920.

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VITVITSKIY, P.M.

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33751  
S/021/62/000/002/006/010  
D299/D304

AUTHORS: Vytvyts'kiy, P. M. and Leonov, M. Ya.

TITLE: Brittle fracture of plate with circular hole

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk UkrRSR. Dopovidi. no. 2, 1962, 174-178

TEXT: An infinite plate with a circular hole of radius  $R$  is subjected to stresses which create (at infinity) the uni-axial stresses state  $\sigma_y^\infty = p$ ,  $\sigma_x^\infty = \sigma_y^\infty = 0$ . It is assumed that the material of the plate corresponds to the simplified model of a brittle body (Ref. 1: M. Ya. Leonov, Inform. byull., no. 1, VINITI AS SSSR, 1960, p. 16). According to this model, at first, cracks appear, whose sides are attracted towards each other as long as the distance between them does not exceed a certain value  $\delta$  (which is considered as a constant of the material); when this distance is reached, the interaction between the sides ceases and local fracture occurs; the corresponding load is called critical. The component  $v$  of the displacements, normal to the cracks, has a discontinuity

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$\lambda(x)$ . The discontinuities are related to linear dislocations. Muskhelishvili's function for a linear dislocation is

$$\Phi_1(z) = \Psi_1(z) = D \frac{\lambda}{z} \quad (4)$$

where  $D = \frac{G}{\pi(1+\kappa)}$ ;  $G$  is the shear modulus,  $\kappa = 3-4\nu$  (for plane strain) and  $\kappa = (3-\nu)/(1+\nu)$  - for plane stress. In the case of a pair of dislocations  $\lambda$  and  $-\lambda$  which pass through the points  $t$  and  $-t$  of the real axis, one obtains

$$\Phi_2(z) = -2D \frac{\lambda t}{z^2 - t^2}, \quad \Psi_2(z) = -4D \frac{\lambda t z^2}{(z^2 - t^2)^2} \quad (5)$$

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Further, Muskhelishvili's function for a pair of linear dislocations in a plane with a hole is derived. The discontinuity is expressed by

$$v(x, +0) - v(x, -0) = \lambda(x) = \int_L^x \mu(t) dt \quad (R \leq |x| \leq L) \quad (8)$$

The function  $\mu(t) = \lambda'(t)$  is called the density-distribution of dislocations. After a change of variables (in particular  $t^2/R^2 = \eta$ ,  $\mu(t) = \mu(R\sqrt{\eta}) = \mu_0(\eta)$ ), one obtains the integral equation for  $\mu_0$ :

$$\int_1^\infty \left[ \frac{1}{\eta - \xi} + \frac{1}{\xi \eta} + \frac{\xi - \eta}{2\xi(\xi\eta - 1)^2} + \frac{4(\eta - 1)(\xi - 1)}{(\xi\eta - 1)^3} \right] \mu_0(\eta) d\eta +$$

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$$+ \frac{p}{4D} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{\xi} + \frac{3}{\xi^2} \right) = \frac{\sigma_0}{2D}, \quad 1 \leq \xi \leq \alpha \quad (9)$$

The approximate solution of this equation is sought in the form of a polynomial with unknown coefficients  $a_n$ , viz.:

$$\mu_0(\eta) \approx \frac{\sigma_0}{D} \sum_{n=0}^m a_n \eta^n \quad (1 \leq \eta \leq \alpha) \quad (10)$$

Substituting (10) in (9), one obtains

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$$\sum_{n=0}^m a_n J_n(\alpha, \xi) + \frac{p}{\sigma_0} f(\xi) \approx \frac{1}{2} \quad (1 \leq \xi \leq \alpha) \quad (11)$$

For (11) to hold, it is necessary that

$$\sum_{n=0}^m \alpha_n \alpha^n = 0 \quad (13)$$

The quantity  $\alpha$ , by which the length of the crack can be found:  
 $l = R(\sqrt{\alpha} - 1)$ , is determined by (13). The coefficients  $a_n$  are found  
 by means of a system of  $(m+1)$  equations. This system in conjunction  
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with (13), yields  $p/\sigma_0$  ( $\sigma_0$  being the constant stress between the sides of the cracks which attract each other). Thus, an approximate relationship is obtained between the length of the crack, the load and the dislocation density-distribution. The maximum distance between the crack sides is

$$\lambda(R) = \frac{\sigma_0}{D} R \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{2n+1} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{L}{R} \right)^{2n+1} \right] \quad (14)$$

Plots of  $1/R$  versus  $p/\sigma_0$  and of  $\lambda(R)D/R\sigma_0$  versus  $p/\sigma_0$  are shown. These graphs are used for determining the critical load  $p_k$  at which fracture occurs. Depending on  $\delta D/R\sigma_0$ , the critical load varies between  $\frac{1}{3}\sigma_0 \leq p_k \leq \sigma_0$ . With a given constant  $\delta$ ,  $(\delta D/\sigma_0) p_k \rightarrow \frac{1}{3}\sigma_0$  with

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large  $R$ , and  $p_k \rightarrow \sigma_0$ , with  $R \rightarrow 0$ . There are 3 figures and 5 Soviet-bloc references.

ASSOCIATION: Instytut mashynoznavstva ta avtomatyky AN UkrRSR (Institute of the Science of Machines and Automation of the AS UkrRSR)

PRESENTED: by Academician H. M. Savin of the AS UkrRSR

SUBMITTED: June 22, 1961

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X

S/879/62/000/000/028/088  
D234/D308

AUTHORS: Leonov, M. Ya., Vitvitskiy, P. M. and Yarema, S. Ya.  
(L'vov)

TITLE: Theoretical and experimental investigation of elastic-plastic deformations during the extension of a plate with a slot

SOURCE: Teoriya plastin i obolochek; trudy II Vsesoyuznoy konferentsii, L'vov, 15-21 sentyabrya 1961 g. Kiev, Izd-vo AN USSR, 1962, 196-199

TEXT: The elastic-plastic deformation is reduced to the deformation of an ideal elastic body whose displacements are discontinuous on certain surfaces. With the aid of this model the authors solve the problem of an infinite plate with a slot, subject to forces perpendicular to the slot. N. I. Muskhelishvili's method is used. The critical load is found to be  $\sqrt{1 - 2/}$  multiplied by critical stress. The experiments, carried out on steel plates, gave results coinciding with the theoretical data in the initial stages except in the incubation period. There are 2 figures.

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S/020/63/148/003/010/037  
B104/B186

AUTHORS: Leonov, M. Ya., Academician AS KirSSR, Vitvitskiy, P. M.,  
Yarema, S. Ya.

TITLE: Gliding strips occurring due to the stretching of plates  
having crack-like concentrators

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 148, no. 3, 1963, 541 - 544

TEXT: Thin plates (200-300 mm) made of soft sheet steel that has crack-like stress concentrators in a direction perpendicular to the concentrators produced by cutters are stretched. The gliding strips could be observed by eye. Four stages of deformation were established: 1) A stage of incubation with no plastic deformation occurring; 2) the stage, which is characteristic of the first appearance of mat spots at the ends of the cracks; 3) the stage, which is characteristic of the appearance of gliding strips, 20 - 40 mm long, that start from the end of the crack and make an angle of  $47 - 54^\circ$  with the axis of the concentrators; 4) the stage, which is characteristic of the simultaneous appearance of gliding strips at many spots combining into a gliding band. The results of an analytic investigation of the stages using Card 1/2

✓

Gliding strips occurring ...

S/020/63/148/003/010/037  
B104/B186

the method developed by N. I. Muskhelishvili (Nekotoryye osnovnyye zadachi matematicheskoy teorii uprugosti - Some basic problems of the mathematical theory of elasticity, M., 1954) show satisfactory agreement with experiment if an ideal plastic-elastic material is assumed. Deviations between the angle of the gliding bands and the load at which these occur are attributed to the finiteness of the width of these bands, and to the solidification of the deformed material in the vicinity of the crack ends. There are 4 figures. ✓

SUBMITTED: February 5, 1962

Card 2/2

VITVITSKIY, V.M.; GODUN, V.M.; KIMEL'BLAT, M.A.

Change in the sensitivity of dysentery agents to some antibiotics in  
Ivano-Frankovsk between 1958 and 1963. Antibiotiki 9 no.12:1108-1110  
D '64. (MIRA 18:7)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii (zav. - prof. T.I.Ivanova) Ivano-Frankovskogo  
meditsinskogo instituta i Ivano-Frankovskaya infektsionnaya klinicheskaya  
bol'nitsa (glavnyy vrach Ye.I.Gulyayevskaya).

VITVITSKIY, V.M.

Sensitivity of bacteria from the Proteus group to various  
antibiotics and their combinations. Antibiotiki 9 no.8:  
744-748 Ag '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii (zav. - prof. T.I. Ivanova) Ivano-  
Frankovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.



VITVITSKIY, V.M.

Adaptation of Proteus cultures to some antibiotics and their combinations. Antibiotiki 10 no. 10:908-913 0 '65.  
(MIRA 18:12)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii (zav. - prof. T.I. Ivanova) Ivano-Frankovskogo meditsinskogo instituta. Submitted Nov. 2, 1964.

VITVITSKIY, Ye.V., inzh. (g.L'vov)

Tractor-mounted shrub cutter. Put' i put.khoz. 5 no.6:24-25  
Je '61. (MIRA 14:8)

(Railroads--Equipment and supplies)

VITYAZEV.P., inzh.

Maintenance servicing of automobiles on conveyer lines. Avt.transp.  
39 no.6:17-18 Je '61. (MIRA 14:7)  
(Motor vehicles—Maintenance and repair)  
(Assembly-line methods)

CHEPURIN, V., shofer (Moskva); LAVRENT'YEV, A., avtolyubitel' (Syktyvkar);  
GRIGOR'YAN, V., shofer (Tbilisi); VASIL'YEV, A., inzh. po mekhanizatsii;  
RADVOGIN, M. (Moskva); VITYAZEV, P., inzh. (Chelyabinsk); YAKOVLEV, N.  
(Chirchik); VINOKUROV, A.; BULNIK, I., shofer; LOKOT', I., avtoslesar'

Automobile drivers speak today. Izobr. i rats. no. 9:9-11 S '62.  
(MIRA 16:3)

1. "Sel'khoztekhnika", Chelyabinskaya obl. (for Vasil'yev).
2. Nachal'nik tsekha Konservnogo zavoda, g. Temryuk Krasnodarskogo kraya (for Vinokurov).
3. Konservnyy zavod, g. Temryuk Krasnodarskogo kraya (for Bublik, Lokot').

(Automobile engineering—Technological innovations)

VITYAZEV, P., inzh.

Hydraulic apparatus for cold riveting of automobile frames. Avt.  
transp. 38 no. 5:52-53 My '60. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Chelyabinskoye avtoupavleniye.  
(Rivets and riveting)  
(Motor vehicles—Design and construction)

600

VITYAYEVA4S818

1. UDOWENKO, V. V., VITYAYEVA S. I.

2. USSR (600)

"The Viscosity of the Ketones -- Organic Acids Systems,  
V," Zhur. Obshch. Khim., 9, No. 19, 1939. Laboratory of  
physical Chemistry, Central Asiatic State University.  
Received 8 April 1939.

9. ~~Report~~ Report U-1626, 11 Jan 1952.

VITYAYEVA, S.I.; MARKMAN, A.L.

Polarographic study of keto - enol isomerism on the example of  
acetylacetone. Dokl. AN Uz. SSR no.8:33-36 '57. (MIRA 11:5)

1.Sredneaziatskiy politekhnicheskiy institut. Predstavleno chlenom-  
korr. AN UzSSR I.P. TSukervanikom.  
(Hexanedione) (Polarographic analysis)  
(Isomerism)

VII [H2EVA, V.N.

ALEKSANDROVA-ZAORSKAYA, V.V.; ARNOL'D, V.S.; ADAMCHUK, V.A.; BARANSKIY,  
N.N.; BARDIN, I.P.; VASYUTIN, V.F.; KITYAZEVA, V.A.; GORDONOV,  
L.Sh.; DOLGOPOLOV, K.V.; ZENKOVA, Z.A.; NEMCHINOV, V.S.; OBRU-  
CHEV, V.V.; RYAZANTSEV, S.N.; SOKOLOV, A.V.; STEPANOV, P.H.;  
CHERDANTSEV, G.N.

A.M.Volkov; obituary. Izv. AN SSSR Ser.geog. no.6:106-107 N-D '54.  
(Volkov, Aleksandr Mikhailovich, 1890-1954) (MIRA 8:3)



*VITYAZOVA, V.A.*  
VITYAZOVA, V.A.

Conference on the over-all utilization of the natural resources  
of Ukhta. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.3:145-148 My-Je '57.  
(Ukhta--Natural resources) (MIRA 10:12)

VITYAZEVA, Valentina Aleksandrovna, ; MEZENTSEV, . . , red.; TSIVUNIN, I..  
tekhn.red.

[Main problems in developing the productive forces of the  
Komi A.S.S.R. in the seven-year plan] Osnovnye problemy raz-  
vitiia proizvoditel'nykh sil Komi ASSR v semiletke. Syktyv-  
kar, Komi knizhnoe izd-vo, 1960. 27 p.

(MIRA 14:5)

1. Zaveduyushchiy otdelom ekonomiki Komi filiale AN SSSR (for  
Vityazeva).  
(Komi A.S.S.R.--Industries) (Komi A.S.S.R.--Economic policy)

ALAMPIYEV, P.M.; VITYAZEVA, V.A.; LISTENGURT, F.M.; MAKSAKOVSKIY, V.P.;  
POKSHISHEVSKIY, V.V., prof.; SOLOV'YEVA, M.G., dotsent;  
LYALIKOV, N.I., dotsent, red.; ZAK, A.L., tekhn.red.

[Economic geography; toponymy. Collected articles] Ekonomicheskaya  
geografiya: Toponimika; sbornik statei. Moskva, 1960. 169 p.  
(MIRA 14:2)

1. Moscow. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut.  
Geografo-biologicheskiy fakul'tet.  
(Geography, Economic)  
(Europe, Eastern--Names, Geographical)

VITYAZEVA, V.A.

Problems concerning comprehensive utilization of natural re-  
sources in the Komi A.S.S.R. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no. 3:55-61  
My-Je '60. (MIRA 13:6)

1. Komi filial AN SSSR.  
(Komi A.S.S.R.—Industries)

VITYAZEVA, V.A.

Main problem of the industrial development of the near North.  
Izv. Komi fil. Geog. ob-va SSSR no.9:5-16 '64.

(MIRA 18:5)

VITYAZEVA, V.A.

Economic regionalization of the Komi A.S.S.R. *Izv. Komi fil.*  
Geog.ob-va SSSR no.7:3-14 '62. (MIRA 15:12)  
(Komi A.S.S.R.—Economic zoning)

VAVILOV, P.P.; VITYAZEVA, V.A.

The Komi Branch of the Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R.  
Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.6:130 N-D '61. (MIRA 14:12)  
(Komi A.S.S.R.—Geographical research)

VITYN, IA. IA.

VITYN, IA. IA.

O pochvakh Kubanskoj oblasti, ikh proiskhozh-  
denii i svistvakh. Ekaterinoslav, 1914. 46 p.

DLC: S599.R9V5

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part I, 1951, Uncl.



VITEN, IA.IA.

VITEN, IA.IA. O pochvalakh Kubanskoi Oblasti, ikh proisshozhdenii i svoistakh .  
Ekaterinoslav, 1918---

DLC: HD9575,RC3M3

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part II, 1951, Unclassified

VITYN', YA. YA.

The origin and properties of the soils in Kuban Oblast. Ekaterinodar Izd. Kubanskogo tsentr. soiuza uchrezhdenii melkago kredita. 1918. 46 p. (50-40902)

S599.R9V5

1. Soils - Russia - Kuban (Province)

VITYN'SH, YA.

Vitn'sh, Ya. "An examination of the spoils of experimental establishments".  
Izvestiya akad. nauk Latv. SSR, 1949, No. 4, p. 21-48, (In Latvian, resume  
in Russian), - Bibliog: 7 items.

SO: U-4392, 19 August 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No 21, 1949).

VITYN'SH Ya. Ya.

24822. VITYN'SH, Ya. Ya. Pitanie Podzemnykh Vod V Svyazi S Tipami Pochv. Trudy  
Yekkeynoy Sessii, Posvyashch Stoletiy~~\*~~ So Dnya Rozhdeniya Dokuchayeva, M. L.,  
1949 S 182-83

SO: Letopis' No. 33, 1949

VESNIN, V.V.; VIYRA, V.I.; KARTASHOV, I.P.

History of the formation of the glacial relief in the region  
of Lake Jack London. Dokl. AN SSSR 147 no.3:667-670 N '62.  
(MIRA 15:12)

1. Ten'kinskaya kompleksnaya ekspeditsiya Severo-Vostochnogo  
geologicheskogo upravleniya i Severo-Vostochnyy kompleksnyy  
nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Sibirskogo otdel'niya AN SSSR.  
Predstavleno akademikom I.P. Gerasimovym.  
(Jack London Lake region—Glacial epoch)

VITYUGIN, V.M.; FUKS, O.A.

Distribution of chromium oxide in the products of treatment of  
ilmenite. Izv. TPI 126:98-101 '64. (MIRA 18:7)

VITYUGIN, V.M.; PLOTNIKOVA, Ye.S.

Deashing of concentrates of sulfite-distiller's grain. Izv. TPI  
126:102-105 '64. (MIRA 18:7)

VITYUGIN, V. M.; PROKHOROVICH, V. A.; BOGMA, A. S.

Modulizing iron ore concentrates with cast iron filings.  
Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; chern. met. 7 no.6:26-28 '64.(MIKA 17:7)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.



VITYUGOV, A.I.

Therapeutic tactics in injuries to the meniscus of the knee joint.  
Ortop., travm.i protez. 22 no.4:73 Ap '61. (MIRA 14:11)  
(KNEE--WOUNDS AND INJURIES)

VITYUGOV, I.A.

Experimental observations in injury or partial or complete removal of the meniscus of the knee joint. Ortop. travm. protez., Moskva-19 no.6: 34-36 N-D '58. (MIRA 2:1)

1. Iz kliniki travmatologii i ortopedii (zav.- prof. L.O. Shkol'nikov) Stalinskogo (Kemerovskoy obl.) gosudarstvennogo instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. - dots. G.L. Starkov).  
(KNEE, wds. & inj.

meniscus, partial & complete removal in sheep & dogs (Ris))

VITYUGOV, I.A.

New signs of damages to the meniscus of the knee joint.  
Ortop.trevm. i protez. 19 no.4:60 JI-Ag '58 (MIRA 11:11)

1. Iz kliniki travmatologii i ortopedii (zav. - prof. L.G. Shkol'nikov) Stalinskogo Gosudarstvennogo instituta dlya spetsializatsii i usovershenstvovaniya vrachey im. V.I Lenina.  
(KNEE JOINT--DISEASES)

VITYUGOV, I. A., Cand Med Sci (diss) — "A new modification of the method of arthropneumography in injuries to the menisci of the knee joint". Leningrad, 1960. 16 pp (Central Sci Res Inst of Med Radiology of the Min Health USSR), 300 copies (KL, No 10, 1960, 135)

SHKOL'NIKOV, L.G., prof.; VITYUGOV, I.A., assistant

Clinical data on cardiac and pericardial wounds. Khirurgiia 35  
no.1:125-128 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:2)

1. Iz kliniki travmatologii i ortopedii (zav. - prof. L.G. Shkol'-  
nikov) Stalinskogo gosudarstvennogo instituta dlya spetsializatsii  
i usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. - dotsent G.L. Starkov).

(HEART, wds. & inj.  
case reports (Rus))  
(PERICARDIUM, wds. & inj.  
same)

VITYUGOV, I.A.

Significance of arthropneumography in diagnosis of injuries of  
menisci of the knee joint. [with summary in English]. Vest.  
rent. 1 rad. 33 no.5:49-55 S-O '58 (MIRA 11:11)

1. Iz kafedry ortopedii i travmatologii (zav. - prof. I.G.  
Shkol'nikov) Stalinskogo instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachev  
(dir. - dotsent G.L. Starkov).  
(KNEE wds. & inj.  
meniscal, diag. value of arthropneumography (Bus))

VITYUGOV, I.A.

Some cases of osteochondritis dissecans (Koenig's disease). Ortop.  
travm.i protez. 21 no.3:57-59 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Iz kliniki travmatologii i ortopedii (zav.kafedroy - prof. L.G.  
Shkol'nikov) Stalinskogo (Kemerovskoy oblasti) instituta usovershen-  
stvovaniya vrachey (dir. - dotsent G.L.Starkov).  
(OSTEOCHONDROSIS)

VITYUGOV, I.A.

Accidents among machine couplers. Ortop.travm. i protez. no.3:71  
My-Je '55. (MLRA 8:10)

1. Iz kliniki ortopedii i travmatologii (sav.prof. L.G.Shkol'nikov)  
Stalinskogo (Kemerovskoy obl.) instituta usovershenstvovaniya  
vrachey dir.prof. A.N.Araviiskiy)  
(AGRICULTURE,  
accid. in tractor trailer workers)  
(ACCIDENTS,  
in tractors trailer workers)



VITYUGIN, V.M.; ATKHIN, G.F.

Wood pitch as a binder for coal briquetting. Gidroliz.i lesokhin.prom.  
12 no.2:7-9 '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Tomskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.  
(Wood tar) (Briquets (Fuel))

SHKOL'NIKOV, L.G., prof. (Novokuznetsk, Kemerovskoy oblasti, prospekt Metallurgov, d.34, kv.27); VITYUGOV, I.A., kand. med. nauk; ROSTOVSKAYA, M.P.

Surgical treatment of ruptures of the cruciform ligaments of the knee joint. Ortop., travm. i protez. 25 no.6:16-21 Je '64.  
(MIRA 18:3)

1. Iz kafedry travmatologii i ortopedii (zav. - prof. L.G. Shkol'nikov) Novokuznetskogo instituta usovershenstvovaniya vrachey (dir. - dotsent G.L. Starkov).

VITYUK, A.N.

Approximate integration of systems of ordinary differential  
equations based on S.A. Chaplygin's method. Dif. urav. 1  
no.7::923-928 J1 '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Odesskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni I.I. Mechnikova.

L 00315-66 EWT(d) IJP(c)

ACCESSION NR: AP5019616

UR/0376/65/001/007/0923/0928

AUTHOR: Vityuk, A. N. <sup>20</sup><sub>17</sub>  
<sub>16, 44, 55</sub>

TITLE: On the approximate integration of systems of ordinary differential equations by the Chaplygin method

SOURCE: Differentsial'nyye uravneniya, v. 1, no. 7, 1965, 923-928

TOPIC TAGS: ordinary differential equation, approximation method, Cauchy problem

ABSTRACT: A method is proposed for the construction of an approximate solution for the system

$$y'_l = f_l(y) \equiv f_l(x, y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n), \quad (l = 1, 2, \dots, n) \quad (1)$$

under the initial conditions

$$y_l(x_l) = y_{l0} \quad (2)$$

where  $y_{l0}$  are arbitrary constants and  $x_l \in [a, b]$ . Sequences for the solution are constructed on the basis of a theorem due to Chaplygin on differential inequalities for the equation  $y' = f(x, y)$ , and they are proved to converge uniformly to the

Card 1/2

L 00315-66  
ACCESSION NR: AP5019616

3

solution of (1), (2). Orig. art. has: 37 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Odesskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni I. I. Mechnikova  
(Odessa State University)

SUBMITTED: 20Feb65

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MA

NO REF SOV: 005

OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

VITYUK, A.N. [Vitiuk, O.N.]

~~Upper and lower bound approximations to the solution of systems~~  
Upper and lower bound approximations to the solution of systems  
of ordinary differential equations of the first order unsolved  
with respect to the derivatives. Dop. AN URSR no.3:284-287 '65.  
(MIRA 18:3)

1. Odesskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

LANSKAYA, L.A.; VITYUK, D.M.; ROZHANSKAYA, L.I.

Some data on the chemical composition of marine planktonic algae  
cultivated under artificial and natural illumination. Trudy SBS  
17:346-350 '64. (MIRA 18:6)

VITYUK, D.M.

Methods of determining the raw fat in plankton. Trudy SBS 17:  
304-308 '64. (MIRA 18:6)



VITYUK, D. M.

3

The drop error in microtitration. D. M. Vityuk. Trudy  
Kym. Filial. Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R., Nov 1981-6(1053).  
To reduce the drop size of the titrant and therefore the error  
in microtitrations, the rate of flow through the buret toward  
the end of the titration was decreased and small amts. of an  
indifferent substance that lowered the surface tension were  
added to the titrant. Thus, addn. of approx. 0.1% Na  
oleate practically eliminated the drop error in the microtitra-  
tion of a Ag soln. with NH<sub>4</sub>CNS. Gary Conrad

CH

pm

VITYUK, K., kand.tekhn.nauk

← Compensation of reactive loads of harbor cranes. Rech. transp.  
20 no.8:16-19 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:10)  
(Electric cranes)

VITYUK, K.T., kand.tekhn.nauk

Some problems of the most efficient use of using diesels in diesel-  
electric propeller units. Trudy LIIVT no.26:231-235 '59.  
(MIRA 14:9)

(Ship propulsion) (Diesel engines)

VITUK, K.T., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk

Determining the power on the terminals of electric motor  
according to the degree of loading of the actuating mechanism.  
Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; energ. 3 no.5:54-59 My '60.  
(MIRA 13:6)

1. Leningradskiy institut vodnogo transporta. Predstavlena  
kafedroy elektrifikatsii promyshlennykh predpriyatiy i  
ustanovok.

(Electric motors)

VITYUK, K.T., head. team. work. document

Standardizing the control systems of portals and lifting cranes.  
Trudy LIT no. 71358 1961. (M 18:16)

VITYUK, K. T.

Vityuk, K. T.

"Automatic regulation of the power circuit of diesel electric paddle-wheel mechanisms of inland shipping vessels." Min River Fleet USSR. Leningrad Inst of Water Transport Engineers. Leningrad, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences).

So: Knizhnaya letopis'  
No. 25, 1956. Moscow

SELIVERSTOV, V.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; VITYUK, K.T., kand.tekhn.nauk

Automatic control system of an auxiliary boiler on the  
motorship "Kazbek." Trudy LIVT no.10:45-56 '61. (MIRA 14:9)  
(Boilers, Marine) (Automatic control)

KOVALENKO, G.D., agronom po zashchite rasteniy (Cherkasskiy rayon);  
TSURA, A.A., agronom po zashchite rasteniy (Chigirinskiy rayon,  
Cherkasskoy oblasti); VITYUK, S.A., agronom po zashchite rasteniy  
(Iltinskiy rayon, Vinnitskaya obl.); BRUNNER, Yu.N., kand.biolog.  
nauk (Poltava); KRUGLOVA, M.G., agronom po zashchite rasteniy  
(Poltava)

From the practices in controlling the pea weevil. Zashch.rast.ot  
vred. i bol. 7 no.4:9-13 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:12)  
(Pea weevil—Extermination)



VITYUK, S.A., agronom po zashchite rasteniy

Organize the protection of private orchards. Zashch.rast.ot vred.  
1 bol. 3 no.6:28-29 H-D '58. (MIRA 11:12)

1.Litinskaya mashinno-traktornaya stantsiya, Vinnitskaya oblast'.  
(Fruit--Diseases and pests) (Spraying and dusting)

VITYUKOV, V., kapitan, komandir brigady

Toward new frontiers. Voenn. vest. 41 no.7:9 J1 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

(Artillery, Field and mountain)



VITYUTNEV, O.I., inzh.

Supply cars with brake platforms. Bezop.truda v prom. 1 no.10:33-34  
0 '57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Dzheshkazganskoye rudoupravleniye.  
(Conveying machinery)

VITYUTNEV, P.I., gornyy tekhnik.

Our complaints about electric locomotive designers. Bezop.truda  
v prom. l no.8:38 Ag '57. (MLRA 10:8)

1.Dzhezkazganskoye rudoupravleniye.  
(Electric locomotives)

SHENKARENKO, M.I., inzh.; VITZON, A.A., inzh.

Modernization of rolling mills. Mashinostroenie no. 2: 28-29  
Mr. Ap '65. (MIRA 18:6)

*Bc*

*B-III-1*

Chlorosis of fruit plants. G. VUKOV (Proc. Conf. Soil Sci., Saratov, 1937, 2, 343-344).—Chlorosis occurs in plants growing in soils with a high content of intimately admixed  $\text{CaCO}_3$ ; it is due to conversion of soil Fe into insoluble, unavailable compounds. The condition is aggravated by factors raising the alkalinity of the soil, and relieved by those raising its acidity. Plants having acid root excretions (notably *Convolvulus arvensis*) are immune to chlorosis. R. T.

ASH-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

EDSON SYNDICATE —————→ EDSON BOWMAN  
104000 PA 104000 MAP DIV GEOL COLLEGE

SVYATUKHIN, M.V.; BODAREV, A.A.; VIUNSKOVSKIY, D.N.

Effect of dextran on the development of edema in burned tissues and  
on hemoconcentration in extensive burns. Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi  
5 no. 4:39-44 Ap '60. (MIRA 14:1)  
(BURNS AND SCALDS) (DEXTRAN)



V'USHKOV, P. V.

V'ushkov, P. V. "The Elastic Static Gravimeter." Trudy Instituta Geologii Saratovskogo Gosud. Universiteta, vol. 2, No. 2/3, 1939, pp. 290-294.

VIVADA, Marjan. .

~~SECRET~~  
"The Yugoslav trade unions are coming out for international solidarity."  
ty." Vsem.prof.dvizh. no.4:9 Ap '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Chlen sekretariat Tsentral'nogo soveta Soyuza profsoyuzov  
Yugoslvi, na IV s"yezde Vseobshchey ital'yanskoy konfederatsii  
truda:

(Yugoslavia--Trade unions)

VIVAL'DO, I.G.

Effect of organic and mineral fertilizers on the crop, accumulation  
and yield of rubber, of kek-saghyz. Dep.AN URSR no.3:51-58 '49.  
(MIRA 9:9)

1.Institut fiziologii roslin i agrokhimii AN URSR. Predstaviv diysniy  
chlen AN URSR O.I.Dushechkin.  
(Kek-Saghyz)

2  
VIVALKO, I. G.; SHILOV, YE. A.; YASNIKOV, A. A.

"Mechanism of rubber and carotene biosynthesis. "

report submitted for the IUPAC 2nd International Symposium on the  
Chemistry of Natural products, Prague, Czech., 27 Aug - 2 Sep 62

CA VIVAL'KO, I. G.

11D

Carbohydrate exchange in kok-saghyz. I. G. Vival'ko.  
Doklady Akad. Nauk SSSR, 1950, No. 1, 81-4.  
Glucose (I) and fructose (II) were the main monosac-  
charides. I predominated. I also predominated in the  
hydrolysis mixts. from the hydrolyzable sugars. The  
carbohydrate content of roots reached a max (54.54%) on  
July 31, and remained essentially const. thereafter. The  
main content started at 0.90% (July 10), reached a max of  
26.23% by Sept. 6, and dropped to 26.12% by Sept. 26.  
Roots contained little, if any, monosaccharides. Among  
polysaccharides were starch, glycogen, and other polyfructoses and  
some sucrose. It is indicated that the main and alcohol-  
sugars in roots are interdependent. M. M. S. S. S.

VIVAL'KO, I.G.; KOVALENKO, G.P.; LEPIK, L.A.

Effect of various nitrogen fertilizers on the increase of flax  
productivity. Dep. AN URSR no.6:556-559 '55. (MIRA 9:7)

1. Institut fiziologii roslin ta agrokhimii AN URSR. Predstaviv  
diysniy chlen AN URSR O.I. Dushechkin.  
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VIVAL'NYUK, L. N. Cand Phys-Math Sci -- (diss) "Significance of the activity of a professor of the University of Kiev, Academician D. A. Grave, in the development of algebra in the Soviet Union." Kiev, 1960, 14 pp, (Society of the Scientific Council of the Institutes of Mathematics, Physics, and the Physics of Metals of the Acad Sci U.S.S.R), 250 copies, (KL, 31-60, 140)

26027-66 EST(n) JI/JQ  
ACC NR: AP6012775

SOURCE CODE: UR/0226/66/000/004/0069/0073

AUTHORS: Verkhoglyadova, T. S. (deceased); Vivchar, O. I.; Gladyshevskiy, Ye. I.

ORG: Institute for the Study of Materials, AN UkrSSR (Institut problem materialovedeniya AN UkrSSR); L'vov State University im. I. Franko (L'vovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet) 27 B

TITLE: Solubility of transition metal disilicides in molybdenum and tungsten disilicide 27 27

SOURCE: Poroshkovaya metallurgiya, no. 4, 1966, 69-73

TOPIC TAGS: molybdenum compound, tungsten compound, transition element, phase diagram

ABSTRACT: The phase diagrams of the binary systems  $\text{MoSi}_2$  -  $\text{ReSi}_2$  and  $\text{WSi}_2$  -  $\text{ReSi}_2$  and the ternary system  $\text{MoSi}_2$  -  $\text{WSi}_2$  -  $\text{MeSi}_2$  (where Me = Ti, V, Nb, Ta, or Cr) were determined. The nature of the solid phase was determined by x-ray and microstructural methods. The experimental results are presented in graphs and tables (see Fig. 1). The system  $\text{MoSi}_2$  -  $\text{ReSi}_2$  exhibits a continuous series of solid solutions, and the systems  $\text{WSi}_2$  -  $\text{ReSi}_2$  and  $\text{MoSi}_2$  -  $\text{WSi}_2$  -  $\text{ReSi}_2$  show unlimited reciprocal solubility. The systems  $\text{MoSi}_2$  -  $\text{WSi}_2$  -  $\text{MeSi}_2$  show only limited solubility in the solid state. It is concluded that the greater solubility of disilicides in  $\text{WSi}_2$  as compared with

Card 1/2



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ACC NR: AP6012775

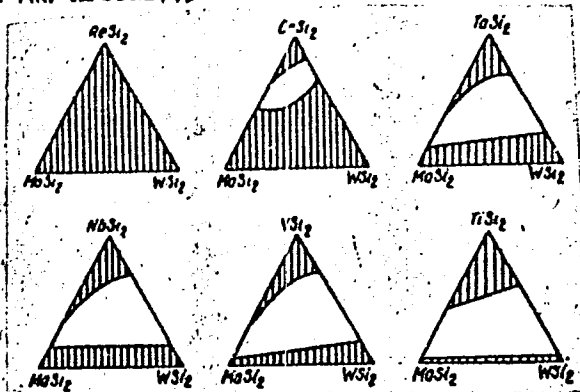


Fig. 1. Regions of solid solution formation in the ternary systems  $\text{MoSi}_2$  -  $\text{WSi}_2$  -  $\text{MeSi}_2$ , temperature 1400°C.

$\text{MoSi}_2$  is associated with the decreased stability of the d-electronic level in W atoms. Orig. art. has: 1 table and 5 figures.

SUB CODE: 11/

SUBM DATE: 15Jul64/

ORIG REF: 006/

OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

7B

VIVCHARENKO, F. P.

Bang's Disease.

Our work in improving health conditions at farms in which brucellosis was prevalent.  
Veterinariia 29 no. 3:31 Mr '52.

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VIVDENKO, M.I.; SHABALIN, K.N.

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measuring (1,0-05)  $\cdot 10^{-3}$  m. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; khim. i  
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(MIRA 18:11)

1. Ural'skiy politekhnicheskii institut imeni Kirova,  
kafedra protsessov i apparatov khimicheskoy tekhnologii.

U 43847-65 EMT(1)/IWP(m)/EWT(m)/EFF(c)/EPA(w)-2/- Pd-1/Pab-10/Pr-1 RWH/WG

00/0470/65/008/014/0445/0446

ACCESSION NR: AP5010067

AUTHORS: Vivdenko, M. I.; Shabalin, K. N.

TITLE: On the mechanism of decay of a jet into coarse droplets

SOURCE: Inzhenerno-fizicheskii zhurnal, v. 8, no. 4, 1965, 445-446

TOPIC TERMS: Break-up of a water jet into large drops

ABSTRACT: The break-up or decay of a water jet into large drops was studied by means of an 1850-frame-per-second high-speed camera. The water jet was  $30 \times 10^{-3}$  m in diameter and had a velocity of 1.47 m/second.